

COMPETENCY FRAMEWORK

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APSCA'S COMPETENCY FRAMEWORK

The Association of Professional Social Compliance Auditors (APSCA) aims to increase the value and effectiveness of independent *social compliance audits* by enhancing the **professionalism, consistency and credibility** of individuals and organizations performing them.

Labor rights and workplace conditions are a central focus for many organizations, due to expanding global supply chains, public perceptions related to social responsibility, and legislation. Independent *social compliance services* are an important tool in advancing labor rights and workplace conditions for *workers* globally. APSCA aims to raise the value, quality and effectiveness of *social compliance services* and support *Member Auditors* and *Member Firms* who are performing them.

Social compliance auditing plays a vital role in initiatives to assess and improve labor rights in the work place throughout global supply chains.

APSCA'S *Competency Framework* is to be read in conjunction with *APSCA's Code and Standards of Professional Conduct ('Code')* and Glossary of Terms.

1. SOCIAL COMPLIANCE AUDITING AS A PROFESSION

Through APSCA's Certified Social Compliance Auditor (*CSCA*) program, the organization aims to elevate the role of the social compliance *auditor*, and develop a workforce of committed, competent, experienced and ethical professionals. *Auditors* can help their *clients* make positive change to the lives of *workers* by identifying and understanding key labor rights issues. To help them succeed, *Auditors* should be provided with the working conditions and the ongoing support and development needed to maintain high quality standards. APSCA believes *Member Auditors* deserve to be treated with respect in line with the UN Guiding Principles for Business and Human Rights. APSCA expects *Member Firms* to respect the human rights of its *Member Auditors* and avoid causing or contributing any adverse human rights impacts.

APSCA supports audit programs, initiatives, brands and retailers who utilize the skills of social compliance *auditors* for them to have the necessary confidence in the level of *auditor* competency.

Note: Throughout this document an APSCA Associate of Social Compliance Auditors (APSCA *ASCA*) will be noted as *ASCA*, and an APSCA Certified Social Compliance Auditor (APSCA *CSCA*) will be noted as *CSCA*.

2. APPLICATION OF THE COMPETENCY FRAMEWORK

APSCA's *Competency Framework* for Social Compliance *Auditors* sets out the basic competency requirements for Certified Social Compliance Auditors (*CSCA*). Competency refers to the knowledge and skills drawn on in performing tasks necessary to operate in the role of a social compliance *auditor*.

This framework specifies the competencies expected of *CSCA*. It is intended to be used by:

- APSCA Associate Social Compliance Auditors (*ASCA*) to better understand the skills and knowledge required to gain and maintain *CSCA* status.
- *CSCAs* to validate their skills and abilities, and articulate their value.
- *Clients* and the public to understand the value of using a *CSCA*.
- APSCA Member organizations as guidance for the development of internal frameworks.
- *CSCA* and APSCA *Member Firms* for continuing professional development (CPD) requirements.
- APSCA to guide the *CSCA* certification process and monitor adherence to the APSCA *Code*.
- Audit programs, initiatives, brands and/ or retailers who utilize the skills of social compliance *auditors*, to have confidence in *auditor* competency.
- Training and education program developers in the design and development of learning objectives and materials for course curricula and profession-specific programs.
- Anyone who works or considers working as a social compliance *auditor* to ensure they are informed regarding the competency requirements for *CSCA*.

- *CSCA* to validate their skills and abilities, and articulate the value of the Certification.
- *ASCA* to apply efficiently the principles of objective auditing to gain and maintain *CSCA* status.
- APSCA Member organizations as guidance for the development of internal frameworks.
- *CSCA* and APSCA *Member* organizations for continuing professional development (CPD) requirements.
- Audit programs, initiatives, brands and/ or retailers who utilize the skills of social compliance *auditors*, to know and have confidence in *CSCA* competency.
- Training and education program developers in the design and development of learning objectives and materials for course curricula and profession specific programs.
- *Clients* and the public to understand the value of using *CSCA / ASCA*.

The intention of this document is to outline the competencies required by *CSCAs*, not to set audit standards or define audit methodology. The brand, initiative or collaborative program will be responsible for communicating and validating that their specific expectations are adhered to.

Members providing *social compliance services* must be independent and avoid conflicts of interest that, in fact or in appearance, may create an incentive to report anything other than the true and accurate facts gathered during a *social compliance service*.

Member Firms shall only deploy social compliance *auditors* (whether direct employees or independent contractors) who demonstrate, at a minimum, the relevant knowledge, skills and attributes outlined in the APSCA *Competency Framework*, and agree to act in accordance with the *Code* and the *Standards*.

3. APSCA QUALIFICATION LEVELS

There are two (2) levels for APSCA *Auditor* Membership:

APSCA Associate Social Compliance Auditor (APSCA ASCA)

Entry-level social compliance *auditor*, who is enrolled with APSCA, gaining experience under the supervision/guidance of a *CSCA*.

Requirements:

- Has completed classroom training with an APSCA *Member Firm* or an APSCA-approved organization and shadowed a minimum of 3 *social compliance audits*
- Has been signed off by a *Member Firm* as competent in meeting *ASCA* Level competencies
- Receiving onsite/field training by an APSCA *Member Firm* or accredited training organization
- Holds a university-level degree
- Satisfactory results from pre-employment screening of new staff/*auditors*, where allowed by law
- Has signed APSCA's *Code*

APSCA Certified Social Compliance Auditor (APSCA CSCA)

Experienced social compliance *auditor* who has completed the *CSCA* process.

Requirements:

- Has obtained the level of *ASCA*
- Has been signed off by a *Member Firm* as competent in meeting *CSCA* Level competencies
- Has passed all elements of the *CSCA* examination process
- Has the following experience:
 - Pathway 1:**
 - Minimum 1 years' experience in *social compliance auditing*, and
 - Minimum 100 *social compliance audit* days, provided via audit log signed by *Member Firm* (s)
 - OR** (continued next page)

Pathway 2:

- Minimum 2 years' experience in any other type of auditing, and
- 150 audit days, of which a minimum of 50 are *social compliance audit* days. Other audit days may include management system, health and safety, labor inspections, investigations, audit components

OR

Pathway 3 (refer below):

- 5+ years in the social compliance or subject related industry in various positions, with a minimum of 35 *social compliance audit* days and additional experience which may include:
 - training,
 - supervisory / managerial
 - previous parallel experience such as implementing social compliance programmes and/or
 - audit review
- Has signed APSCA's *Code*

Responsibilities:

- Participates in social audits as a team member
- Must be supervised by an *CSCA* during all audits
- Does not independently make decisions or call out findings or non-compliances
- Adhering to the principles within APSCA's *Code*

Responsibilities:

- Conducts audits independently and/ or as part of a team
- Organizes, directs and manages audit team members in preparation, during and after the audit.
- Supervises *ASCAs*
- Approving and signing off on the audit report
- Adhering to the principles within APSCA's *Code*

Note: APSCA may consider exceptions to the above requirements on an ad hoc basis. In the interim APSCA has a level called *Registered Level Auditor (RA)* this is an interim level which include *auditors* who have provided evidence that they have the experience noted as required to be a *CSCA*, and are going through the examination process.

Pathway 3 requires the following:

- Letter stating what additional experience has been obtained and
- Statement from management of an APSCA *Member Firm* as to why this *auditor* should be considered for Pathway 3.
- Upon the above items for pathway 3 being completed, the auditor sit and pass Part I of the *CSCA* exam prior to be allocated to the level of *RA*.

4. USE OF APSCA MEMBER AUDITOR NUMBER

APSCA *Member Auditors* may only sign off on a *Social Compliance Audit* if they are a *RA/CSCA*.

4.1 ACCORDING TO THE CODE AND STANDARDS OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Audit Team: Each audit team shall have a minimum of one *RA/CSCA*. Audit teams may include *ASCA*(s) who support the audit under supervision of the *RA/CSCA*.

In assigning auditors to perform a *Social Compliance Audit*, *Member Firms* shall ensure sufficient resources are deployed to complete all work required for the *client* or scheme for whom the audit is to be performed.

To the extent the audit team includes an *ASCA*(s), the *Member Firm* shall ensure assigned resources are sufficient to provide for appropriate supervision by the assigned *RA/CSCA*.

A *RA/CSCA* shall only include the designation as a *RA/CSCA* and their APSCA member number after having fully completed an independent Social Compliance Audit on behalf of a Member Firm.

A *RA/CSCA* shall include reference to *RA/CSCA* status and/or their APSCA *member* number only where the scope of work is a *Social Compliance Audit* and where the work is performed on behalf of a *Member Firm*.

To the extent a *RA/CSCA* performs an audit that includes consideration of elements beyond the elements in the *Competency Framework*, the associated audit report must conspicuously include the following disclaimer if the *CSCA*'s APSCA number is to be included in the *audit* report:

This audit includes elements beyond the scope of a *Social Compliance Audit* as defined by the APSCA *Competency Framework*. The association of the *auditor*'s APSCA number with this report is limited to those elements outlined in the APSCA *Competency Framework*. APSCA makes no representations with respect to the *auditor*'s competency to professionally evaluate compliance with any other audit elements.

4.2 ACCORDING TO THE AUDITOR HANDBOOK

APSCA ASCA: Can sign a *social compliance audit* (see definition below) report using their APSCA *ASCA* number if they are present at the *facility* being audited and working under the supervision of an APSCA *Registered Auditor (RA)* or *CSCA* who has overall responsibility for, signs the audit report puts their APSCA # and working on behalf of an APSCA *Member Firm*. If an *ASCA* signs and puts their APSCA *Member* number on an audit report without a supervising *RA/CSCA* also placing their APSCA *Member* Number, this will be considered an ethical violation and will be reported to APSCA's Integrity Team.

If an audit contains less than APSCA's definition of a *Social Compliance Audit*, an APSCA *Member* Number can NOT be used.

It is the responsibility of each *Member Firm* to develop a process to identify why they did or did not use an APSCA *Member* Number on a report which they would share with APSCA if reported to the Disciplinary Board for misuse of APSCA *Member* Numbers on an audit which does not fall within APSCA's definition of a *Social Compliance Audit*.

5. COMPETENCY OVERVIEW

Note: The competencies noted on pages 8 - 15 are focused on the specific activity of executing a *social compliance audit*.

Foundational Skills

- Strategic and Systems Thinking
- Professional and Ethical Behaviour
- Observation and Investigation

Functional Knowledge Areas

- Business Legitimacy and Integrity of Records
- Underage Labour
- Discrimination and Disciplinary Practices

Foundational Skills continued

- Data Collection and Analysis
- Problem Solving and Analytical Decision Making
- Management Systems
- Documentation Review
- Interview Skills
- Communication, Relationship Management and Conflict Resolution
- Self-Management
- Standards, Laws and Regulations
- Use of APSCA Member Number

Functional Knowledge Areas continued

- Forced Labour
- Working Hours and Overtime
- Freedom of Association and Effective Recognition of the Right to Collective Bargaining
- Harassment and Abuse Practices
- Wages, Benefits and Terms of Employment
- Subcontracting
- Occupational Health and Safety

6. VALIDATION OF DEMONSTRATED COMPETENCIES

The *Competency Framework* outlines the expected level of competency for *ASCAs* and *CSCAs*:

- **Understanding:** *Auditor* has a basic knowledge and understanding of what is required in this area, but is not yet proficient.
- **Proficiency:** *Auditor* has a sufficient degree of skill and/ or expertise in this area.

Refer to APSCA's Auditor Handbook for more information on the exam.

6.1 CSCA EXAM (PART I AND PART II)

The *CSCA* Exam serves as a benchmark for the assessment of proficiency in the areas of functional knowledge and foundational skills. The exam assesses an individual's understanding of basic facts, policies, practices, methods, international human rights treaties and labor standards, local legislation and other regulations relevant to their role. The exam includes multiple choice, short answer and case study questions.

6.2 CSCA INTERVIEW (PART III)

Candidates must demonstrate proficiency required of *CSCAs*. This step will take the form of a formal interview assessing the individual's ability to conduct effective audits.

6.3 MAINTAINING CSCA CERTIFICATION

Once an individual obtains *CSCA* certification, there are ongoing requirements to maintain certification. This is demonstrated through compliance with the standards for Continuing Professional Development (CPD).

CPD involves undertaking development activities that support *CSCAs* in ensuring maintenance of their competencies as well as expanding their professional knowledge and practice. *Auditors* are required to complete a minimum of 48 hours of CPD per calendar year, including mandatory training as outlined by APSCA. CPD undertaken must be tracked by the *CSCA* and recorded into APSCA's data system. Information to validate these records may be requested by APSCA at any time. CPD includes the following:

- 16 hours – field *social compliance audit*
- 16 hours – training on APSCA mandated training topics (focused on gaps identified during examination)
- 16 hours – APSCA recognized training which may include, firm, brand, scheme training, participation in social compliance conference or other relevant events.

7. MISCONDUCT

Any APSCA *Member* who is aware of another APSCA Member or *audit firm personnel* who has committed a violation of APSCA's *Code*, must inform the *Member Firm* for which the audit was conducted or APSCA.

Others who are aware of an APSCA *Member* or *audit firm personnel* who is to have alleged to have committed a violation of APSCA's *Code*, are encouraged to inform the *Member Firm* for which the audit was conducted or APSCA.

When professional misconduct or an infringement of the *Code* come to the attention of APSCA, there is an obligation that an investigation will be undertaken. If the outcome of such an investigation confirms a *Member* was in breach of the *Code* it will lead to an APSCA disciplinary hearing which gives the *Member(s)* the right to defend their actions. A possible outcome of such a disciplinary hearing would be to suspend or revoke APSCA Membership, which APSCA reserves the right to make public.

There is a restriction therefore on *Member Firms* from appointing an *auditor* whose Membership and/ or certification has been withdrawn by APSCA as well as a restriction on the *auditor* from presenting themselves as a *Member Auditor* of APSCA. A *Member Firm* who has taken disciplinary action against a *Member Auditor* who has committed a violation of the *Code* shall inform APSCA.

8. FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS

Note: All areas are to be read "as related to the work"

U - Understanding
P - Proficiency

8.1 STRATEGIC AND SYSTEMS THINKING

ASCA CSCA

Is open-minded, reasonable, and willing to consider alternative ideas or points of view	P	P
Is persistent and focused in their approach	P	P
Can integrate ideas and solutions across all levels and functions in the organisation	P	P
Operates effectively in an environment of change and uncertainty, maintaining flexibility	P	P
Is aware of issues and develops timely strategies to solve problems or seize opportunities	P	P

8.2 PROFESSIONAL AND ETHICAL BEHAVIOUR

ASCA CSCA

Is fair, truthful, unbiased, discreet, trustworthy and respectful	P	P
Makes ethical decisions even though these actions and decisions may result in disagreement, confrontation or appeal proceedings; reports to higher levels of management or others when appropriate	P	P
Maintains objectivity and impartiality	P	P
Maintains confidentiality and avoids conflicts of interest	P	P
Maintains and enhances the reputation of the <i>Member Firm</i> , <i>CSCAs</i> , <i>ASCAs</i> , APSCA and the initiatives they are auditing against	P	P
Upholds the law, professional standards and policies when exercising judgement, seeking out advice where needed and relying on their ethical principles to guide their behaviour	P	P
Possesses honesty and integrity, particularly in relation to preventing or reporting bribery and corrupt practices	P	P
Is courteous, conscientious and business-like in their approach to auditing	P	P

U - Understanding
P - Proficiency

8.2 PROFESSIONAL AND ETHICAL BEHAVIOUR (CONTINUED)

ASCA CSCA

Can raise uncomfortable issues and ask challenging questions in a polite manner. Enables constructive challenge at all levels in the organisation

U P

Delivers factual, clear, accurate, timely and accessible reporting

U P

8.3 OBSERVATION AND INVESTIGATION

ASCA CSCA

Applies audit principles, procedures and techniques

U P

Thoroughly reviews and analyses relevant documentation

U P

Possesses a detailed knowledge of compliance issues commonly applied for *social compliance audit codes* or *standards*

U P

Uses investigative skills / triangulates a range of information to determine the authenticity of information and to verify possible allegations made by other sources

U P

Triangulates information from interviews, documentation review and observation to draw conclusions regarding activities at the *facility*

U P

Selects and applies a range of appropriate operational and management tools and techniques

U P

Is observant of physical surroundings, people and activities throughout the entire audit process

P P

Applies detection / triangulation skills, looking for methods of document manipulation, fraudulent actions and fraudulent practices

U P

8.4 DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS

ASCA CSCA

Selects and applies a range of appropriate analysis tools and techniques

U P

Undertakes effective sampling where appropriate

U P

Mitigates impact of factors that can affect the reliability of audit findings and conclusions

U P

Can reach timely conclusions based on logical reasoning and analysis

U P

Uses numeracy skills to understand and interpret relevant number systems

P P

8.5 PROBLEM SOLVING AND ANALYTICAL DECISION MAKING

ASCA CSCA

Shows logical judgement skills, making decisions based on objective and verifiable evidence

P P

Uses an evidence-based approach to problem solving and decision making

P P

When facing an issue during an audit, can provide solutions to solve the problem

U P

Assesses situations and information to make informed decisions on objective and verifiable evidence

U P

8.6 MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

ASCA CSCA

Demonstrates knowledge of management system frameworks, applicable procedures or other management systems documents

U P

Able to apply management system principles to different organisations and to interact between components of the management system

U P

U - Understanding
P - Proficiency

8.6 MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

ASCA CSCA

Demonstrates knowledge of the use of information systems and technology to validate the authenticity of records through triangulation.

U P

Understands specific organisational functions including human resource management, payroll systems, environmental, trade union relationships, collective bargaining processes, applicable collective agreements, health and safety cooperation, other *worker* representation and *worker* grievance procedures

U P

Demonstrates ability to effectively investigate, collect data, analyse and draw conclusions in relation to:

- Policies, implementation and verification
- *Auditees* capabilities and root cause analysis
- Training
- Feedback and grievance mechanisms

U P

U P

U P

U P

8.7 DOCUMENTATION REVIEW

ASCA CSCA

Demonstrates the ability to review documentation specific to each of the functional knowledge areas, including:

- Business ethics management program (review documents: anti-bribery and anti-corruption – contracts/ agreement with suppliers, third party providers, business ethics records)
- Environmental permits
- Legal compliance with inspections, audits, certifications, collective agreements

U P

U P

U P

8.8 INTERVIEW SKILLS

ASCA CSCA

Is experienced in a range of interviewing techniques and uses as appropriate

U P

Creates an environment where the interviewee/s feel comfortable and at ease

P P

Can select a sample and/or groups for interview as appropriate

P P

Can ask effective follow-up questions to collect information

P P

Possess appropriate investigative interviewing skill to raise probing questions to collect information on sensitive issues, triangulate information across interviews

U P

Interviews appropriate personnel, including management, HR, security staff, *worker* representatives and *workers* across shifts to gather information on adherence to relevant laws and other regulations

U P

Listens to the interviewee and adjusts questions and tone of voice appropriately. Reads verbal and non- verbal cues

P P

Relays findings without compromising the source of information, and deals appropriately with personnel who may feel compromised or uncomfortable being interviewed

U P

U - Understanding
P - Proficiency

8.9 COMMUNICATION, RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT AND CONFLICT

RESOLUTION

	ASCA	CSCA
Is tactful and respectful in dealings with people, balances diplomacy and assertiveness	P	P
Puts people at ease and builds open, constructive relationships with <i>workers</i> , managers, peers and <i>clients</i>	P	P
Can communicate and work with many different stakeholders, at various levels of an organisation	U	P
Displays effective influencing and negotiation skills	U	P
Demonstrates strong (oral and written) reporting skills	P	P
Listens, understands and empathizes with others, and is sensitive to people's needs	P	P
Displays effective communication skills, oral, written and non-verbal, for example, when conducting audit meetings, interviews etc.	P	P
Demonstrates cultural awareness and sensitivity, with an appreciation of the situation of vulnerable workers, such as migrant labour, young <i>workers</i> , homeworkers etc.	P	P
Is a fluent speaker and reader of the language(s) used in the organisation being audited, or communicates effectively through an interpreter	P	P
Discusses audit findings with appropriate levels of the organisation independently and with confidence, while maintaining confidentiality and protecting potentially vulnerable individuals from retaliation	U	P
Assumes a leadership role during possible conflict situations and is confident to manage and control discussions	U	P
Anticipates reactions and objections and plans how to overcome	U	P

8.10 SELF-MANAGEMENT

	ASCA	CSCA
Arrives on site in a timely manner, prepared for the work, including knowledge of the appropriate standard, understanding of both industry and <i>facility</i> -specific details, in possession of any reference materials and supplies required for the audit	P	P
Arrives on site dressed appropriately – e.g. flat, enclosed shoes, PPE if required	P	P
Functions effectively and independently during audits	U	P
Demonstrates strong time management skills, by planning, prioritising and adjusting audit activities as required	U	P
Demonstrates good organisational and time-management skills, ensuring deadlines, actions and objectives are achieved even when faced with problems, challenges and pressure	P	P
Responds well to feedback and is committed to continually developing own skills	P	P
Acts as a role model, demonstrating high performance for teams and individuals	U	P
Takes personal accountability for results delivered in area of responsibility, strives for excellence and encourages others to do the same	P	P
Monitors and improves own performance	P	P
Engages in continuous professional development	P	P
Recognises limits to own professional competence, seeking support from other professionals and experts as needed	P	P

U - Understanding
P - Proficiency

8.11 STANDARDS, LAWS AND REGULATIONS

ASCA CSCA

Understands relevant applicable laws, regulations and the role of collective agreements where they exist

U P

Understands relevant International Standards and international authoritative documents under all functional knowledge areas. Examples are the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the Fundamental and other relevant ILO International Labour Conventions, the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, applicable parts of the OECD Guidelines for multinational enterprises"

U U

9. FUNCTIONAL KNOWLEDGE AREAS

Note: All areas are to be read "as related to the work"

U - Understanding
P - Proficiency

9.1 BUSINESS LEGITIMACY AND INTEGRITY OF RECORDS

ASCA CSCA

Demonstrates a detailed knowledge of business integrity standards

P P

Demonstrates ability to effectively collect data, analyse and draw conclusions in relation to:

- Business Ethics Management System

U P

9.2 UNDERAGE LABOUR

ASCA CSCA

Identifies young appearing *workers*, triangulates information, reports on current and / or historic underage labour

U P

Demonstrates ability to effectively investigate, collect data, analyse and draw conclusions in relation to:

- Age verification system and records
- Young *workers* – training/apprentice student worker/internship programs
- Young *workers* – working hour limits, hazardous roles, night work
- Child labour remediation
- Hazardous work for young *workers*

U P

U P

U P

U P

P P

9.3 DISCRIMINATION AND DISCIPLINARY PRACTICES

ASCA CSCA

Investigate whether *worker* demographics represent industry/sector/country. Identify signs of policy implementation (e.g. signs posted in languages of all *workers*, *workers* understand their rights and the policies relating to discrimination and disciplinary practices)

P

Demonstrates ability to effectively investigate, collect data, analyse and draw conclusions in relation to:

- Employment decisions and Employment Equality (based on ability)
- Non-discrimination policy
- Monetary fines and/or deductions used as a form of discipline
- Grounds for termination
- Fair employment practices
- Labour contracts (in language understood by *worker*)

U P

U P

U P

U P

U P

U P

U - Understanding
P - Proficiency

9.3 DISCRIMINATION AND DISCIPLINARY PRACTICES (CONTINUED)

ASCA CSCA

- Vulnerable groups, such as women, ethnic minorities, LGBTIQ+ people and people with disabilities (including discrimination in recruiting, hiring, employment, promotion)

U P

9.4 FORCED LABOR

ASCA CSCA

Understand operational indicators of forced labour; how to effectively identify these indicators during the audit process and how to record these indicators on audit reports in a manner that leads to remediation.

U P

Demonstrates ability to effectively investigate, collect data, analyse and draw conclusions in relation to:

- Freedom of movement – including third party *workers* e.g. agency, contracted, dispatch *workers*
- Payment to obtain a job – including throughout the recruitment and labour supply chain
- Indebted or coerced to work, including document retention and deposits

U P

U P

U P

With appropriate processes to identify these practices in the different business models of forced labour, particularly:

- State induced and prison labour
- Employer induced, including rogue and corrupt managers and supervisors
- Third party intermediary e.g. labour providers and sub-agents

U P

U P

U P

Identify proactive policy implementation to deter, detect and correctly deal with suspected and actual cases of forced labour

U P

9.5 WORKING HOURS AND OVERTIME

ASCA CSCA

Investigate signs of potential non-compliances, e.g. signs of unrecorded working hours, coaching notes, cages blocking time cards

U P

Demonstrates ability to effectively investigate, collect data, analyse and draw conclusions in relation to:

- Recording of working hours. Compliance with local law and international standards.
- Objective means to set and monitor working hours
- Waivers
- Rest days / breaks between shifts / total working hours
- Working hour limits for hazardous jobs and categories of *workers*.
- Transparency and accuracy of working hours records

U P

U P

U P

U P

U P

U P

9.6 FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION AND EFFECTIVE RECOGNITION OF THE RIGHT TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

ASCA CSCA

Identifies signs of compliance, such as signage relating to trade union events, space for union meetings

U P

U - Understanding
P - Proficiency

9.6 FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION AND EFFECTIVE RECOGNITION OF THE RIGHT TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING (CONTINUED)

ASCA CSCA

Demonstrates ability to effectively investigate, collect data, analyse and draw conclusions in relation to:

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| ▪ Freedom to join lawful trade union without interference | U | P |
| ▪ Grievance procedures/ <i>worker</i> feedback on employment practices | U | P |
| ▪ Non-discrimination and non-retaliation | U | P |
| ▪ Collective Bargaining Agreement adherence | U | P |

9.7 HARASSMENT AND ABUSE PRACTICES

ASCA CSCA

Observes interactions between supervisors, management and *workers*

P P

Demonstrates ability to effectively investigate, collect data, analyse and draw conclusions in relation to:

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| ▪ Disciplinary procedures | U | P |
| ▪ Grievance mechanism | U | P |
| ▪ Role of security guards against abuse | U | P |
| ▪ Physical punishment or physical abuse | U | P |
| ▪ Verbal abuse, mental abuse, coercion or harassment | U | P |
| ▪ Application of disciplinary procedures to vulnerable groups | U | P |

9.8 WAGES, BENEFITS AND TERMS OF EMPLOYMENT

ASCA CSCA

Demonstrates ability to effectively investigate, collect data, analyse and draw conclusions in relation to:

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| ▪ Responsible recruitment practices | U | P |
| ▪ Payroll procedures (including payslips, regular payment) | U | P |
| ▪ Wage calculations including piece rate | U | P |
| ▪ Deductions | U | P |
| ▪ Benefits | U | P |
| ▪ Seasonal/temp <i>workers</i> /migrant <i>workers</i> /labour providers | U | P |
| ▪ Equal remuneration | U | P |
| ▪ Terminations and severance | U | P |
| ▪ Transparency and accuracy of wages records | U | P |

9.9 SUBCONTRACTING

ASCA CSCA

Demonstrates ability to effectively investigate, collect data, analyse and draw conclusions in relation to:

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| ▪ Ability to identify missing processes / ability to identify reasonable capacity | U | P |
| ▪ Identification of signs of homeworking | U | P |

U - Understanding
P - Proficiency

9.10 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

ASCA CSCA

Observes health and safety at the *facility*

U P

Demonstrates ability to effectively investigate, collect data, analyse and draw conclusions in relation to *workers* awareness and presence of:

▪ Health and safety policies and management system	U	P
▪ Health and safety training	U	P
▪ Licenses and permits	U	P
▪ Potable water (review documentation)	U	P
▪ Accident reporting and follow up actions	U	P
▪ Personal protective equipment (PPE)	U	P
▪ Equipment/machine safety	U	P
▪ Waste and chemical management program (review permits, licences, MSDS training for <i>workers</i>)	U	U
▪ Repetitive motion (review assessment reports, interview <i>workers</i> , observe use of PPE)	U	U
▪ Emergency procedures, fire safety, exits, fire prevention, fire extinguishers	U	P
▪ Air Quality Management Systems (identify system in place to manage air quality in the work environment)	U	U
▪ First aid	U	P
▪ Sanitation and hygiene	U	P
▪ Dormitories	U	P
▪ Canteen	U	P
▪ Lighting	U	P
▪ Noise (documentation review of medical records, interview <i>workers</i> / management, ensure noise monitoring has been completed)	U	U
▪ Ventilation and temperature control (documentation review, interview management / <i>workers</i> , medical records, evaluating what checks have been undertaken)	U	P
▪ Risk mitigation/supplier assessment/root cause analysis	U	P
▪ Occupancy Certificate	U	P
▪ Hazardous material handling	U	P
▪ Waste Management	U	U

9.11 USE OF APSCA MEMBER NUMBER

ASCA CSCA

How to write Member Number

P P

When to use APSCA Member Number

P P

Glossary of Terms (refer to separate document)



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